

Progress of the 1/12° Global HYCOM Effort

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1/12° Global HYCOM: Initial Development and Evaluation

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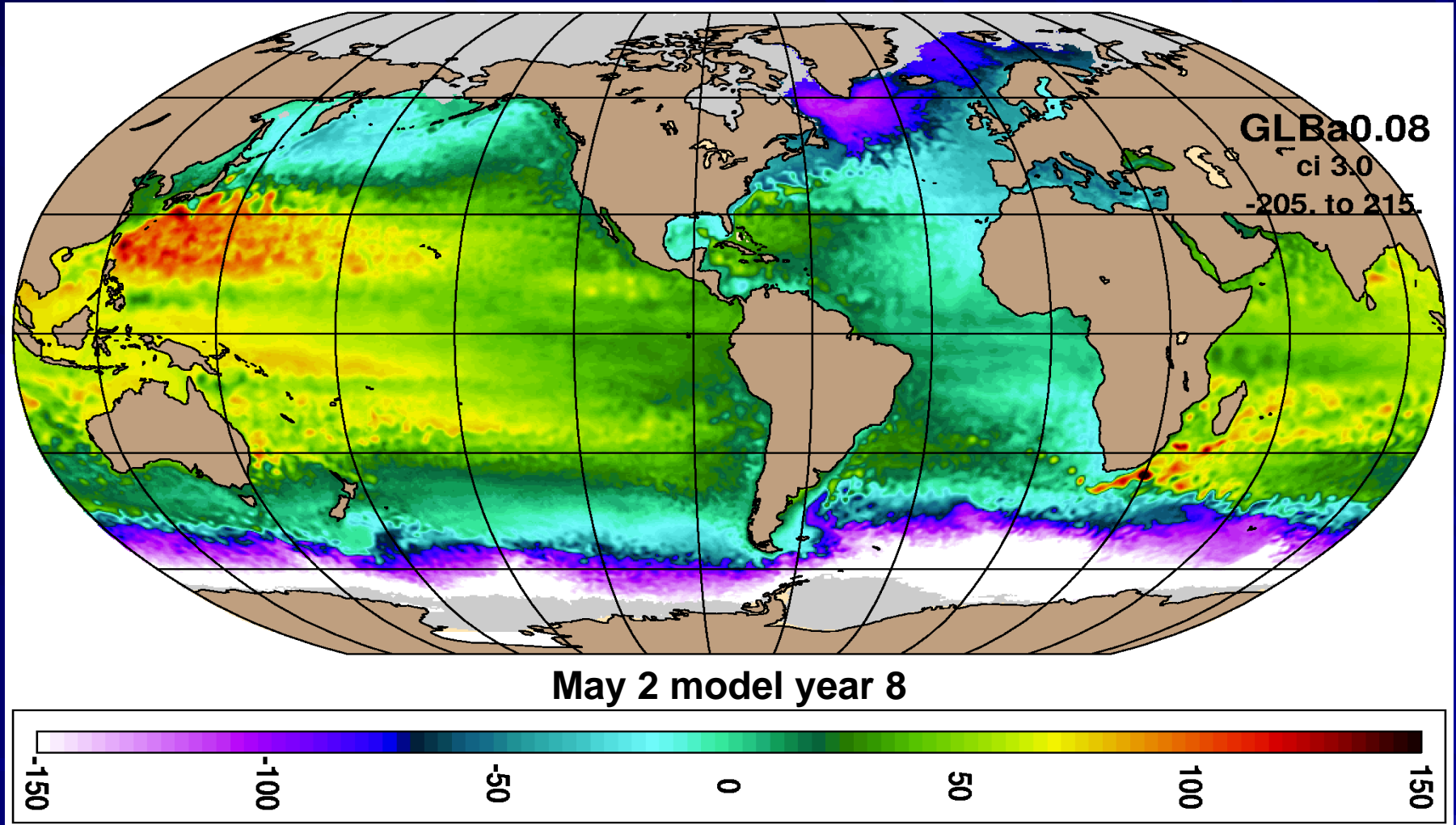
HYCOM Long-term Goals for Operational Ocean Prediction

- 1/12° fully global ocean prediction system transitioned to NAVO in 2007
 - Include shallow water, minimum depth 5 m
 - Coupled sea-ice model (LANL CICE)
- Increase to 1/25° resolution globally by the end of the decade
 - Optimal resolution for basin-scale
 - Boundary conditions for coastal models

Global HYCOM Configuration

- Horizontal grid: 1/12° equatorial resolution
 - 4500 x 3298 grid points, 6.5 km spacing on average, 3.5 km at pole
- Mercator 79°S to 47°N, then Arctic dipole patch
- Vertical coordinate surfaces: 26-28 for σ_0 , 32 for σ_2^*
- KPP and GISS mixed layer models
- Thermodynamic (energy loan) sea-ice model
- Surface forcing: wind stress, wind speed, thermal forcing, precipitation, relaxation to climatological SSS
- Monthly river runoff (986 rivers)
- Initialize from January climatology (GDEM3) T and S, then SSS relaxation from PHC 3.0
 - No subsurface relaxation to climatology

1/12° Global HYCOM snapshot: SSH and ice (gray)



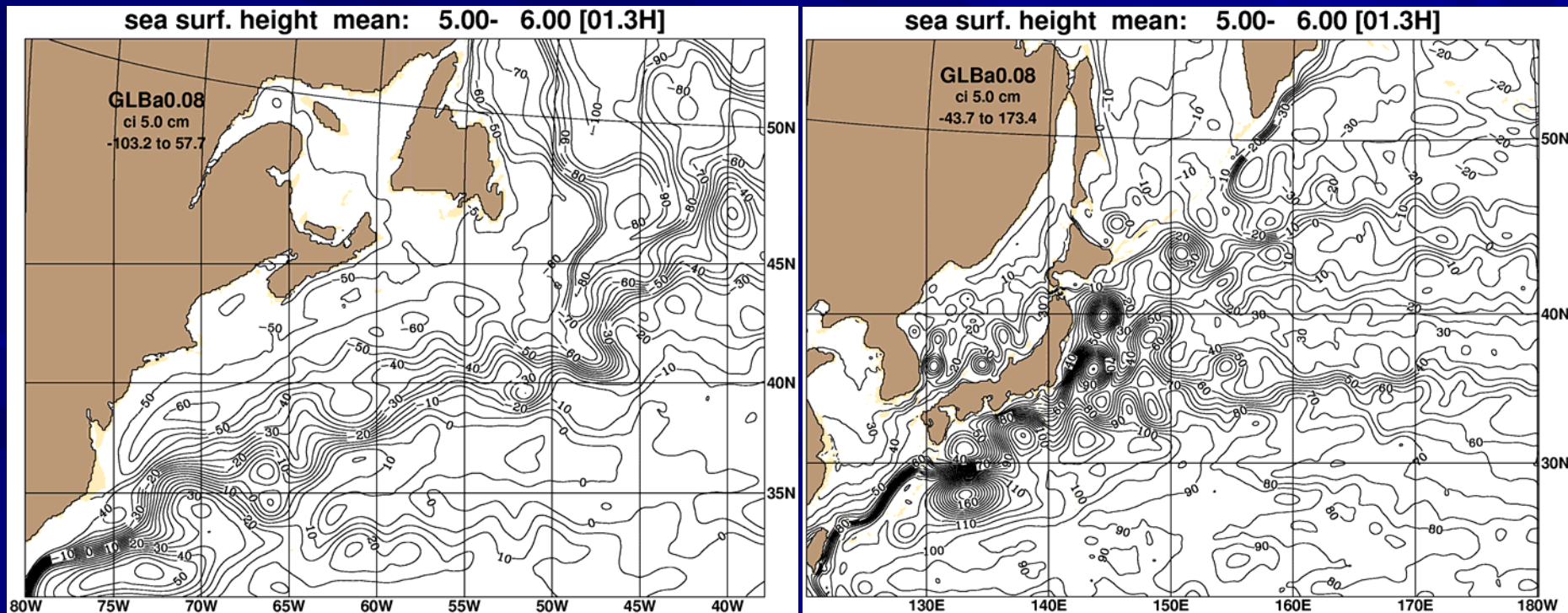
- Running at NAVO under DoD Challenge
- 190K CPU hrs/model year on 784 CPUs
- 7.2 TB/model year for daily 3-D output

1/12° Global HYCOM Experiments

- ECMWF Reanalysis (ERA15) climatological wind and thermal forcing
 - Annual bias corrections to air temperature (ERA40), radiative fluxes (ISCCP) and precipitation (GPCP)
- σ_0 simulations:
 - 26-layers with KPP for 6 model years
 - 28-layers with GISS for 3 model years
- σ_2^* simulations:
 - 32-layers with GISS for 9 model years

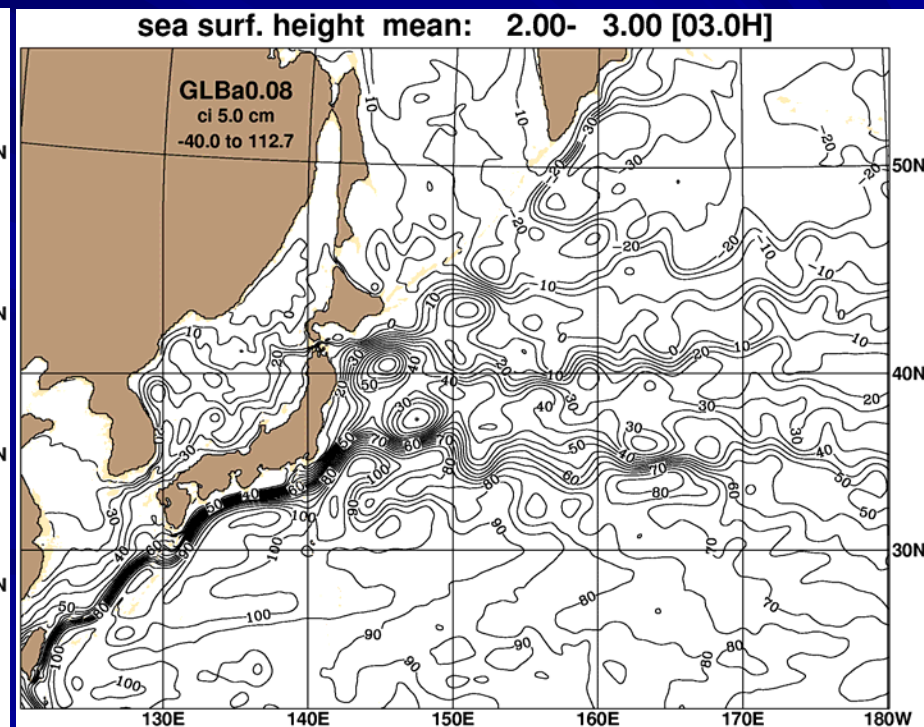
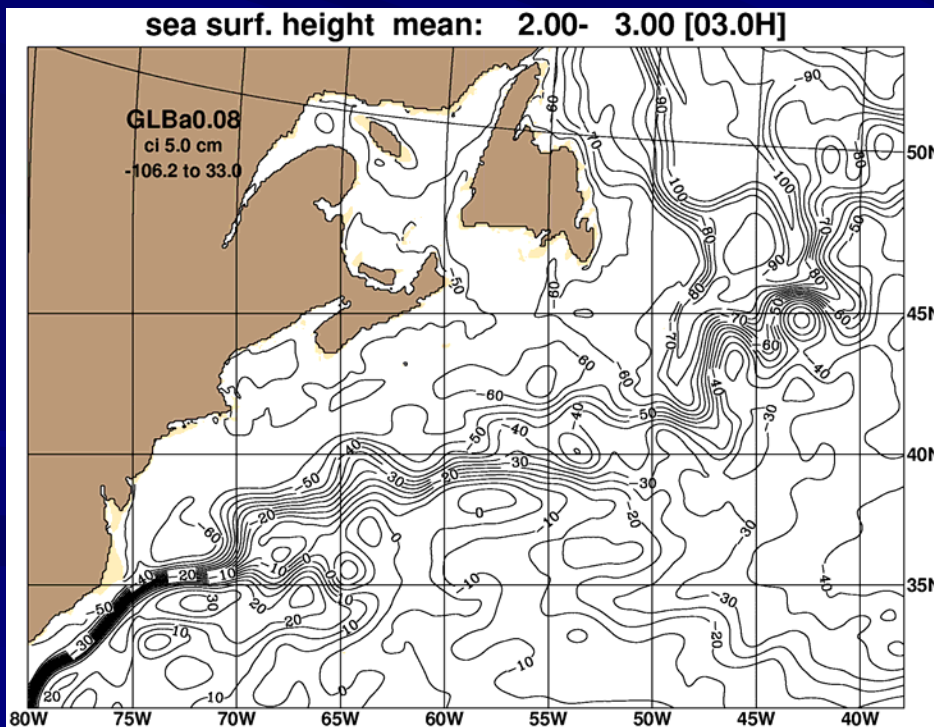
Initial 1/12° Global HYCOM σ_0 Simulation

- Major shortcomings:
 - Poor simulation of both Gulf Stream and Kuroshio
 - Poor representation of tropical current systems
 - Unrealistic transport at key locations:
 - Florida Straits (23 Sv vs. ~32 Sv) [simulated vs. observed]
 - Drake Passage (91 Sv vs. ~134 Sv)
 - Pacific to Indian Ocean Throughflow (22 Sv vs. ~10 Sv)



Improved 1/12° Global HYCOM σ_θ Simulation

- Modifications
 - Added two layers (26 \rightarrow 28) and changed layer structure
 - Increased eddy viscosity: $A = 30 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$ constant everywhere
 - Increased Smagorinsky diffusion: $.05 \rightarrow .1$
 - KPP \rightarrow GISS



Improvements in Tropical Pacific Current Structure

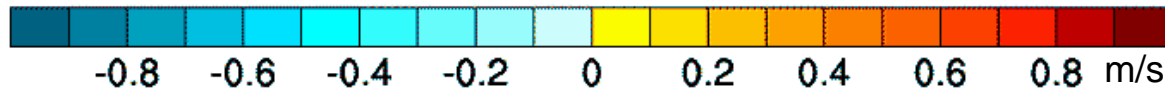
Observations

Original 26-layer σ_0

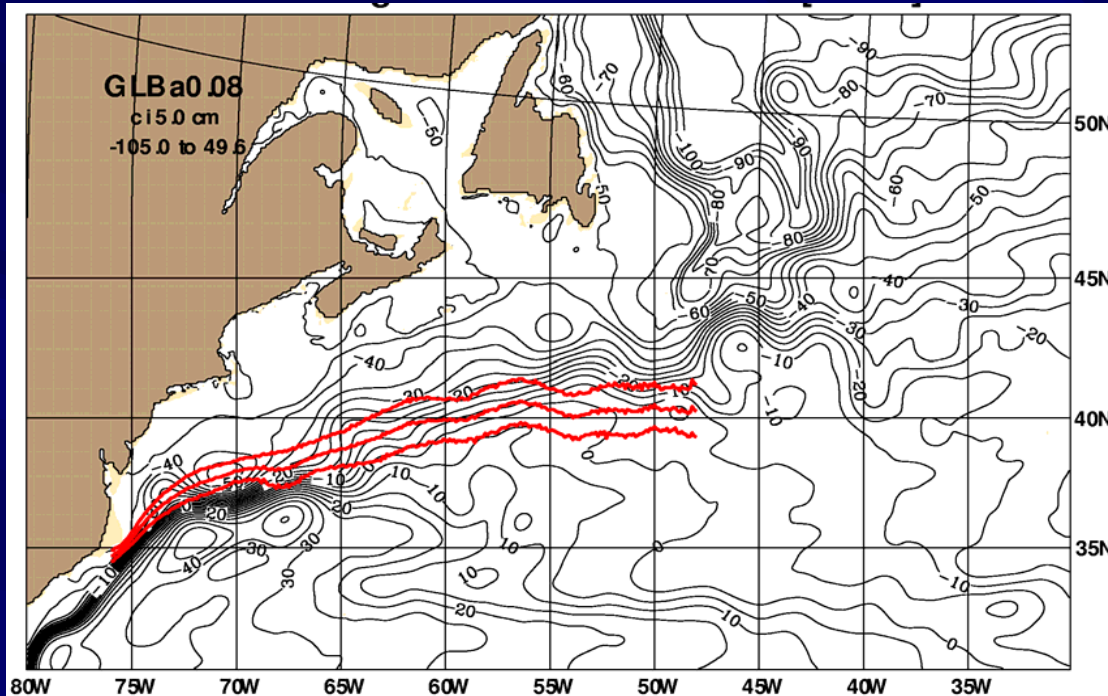
Modified 28-layer σ_0

Zonal velocity along the equator

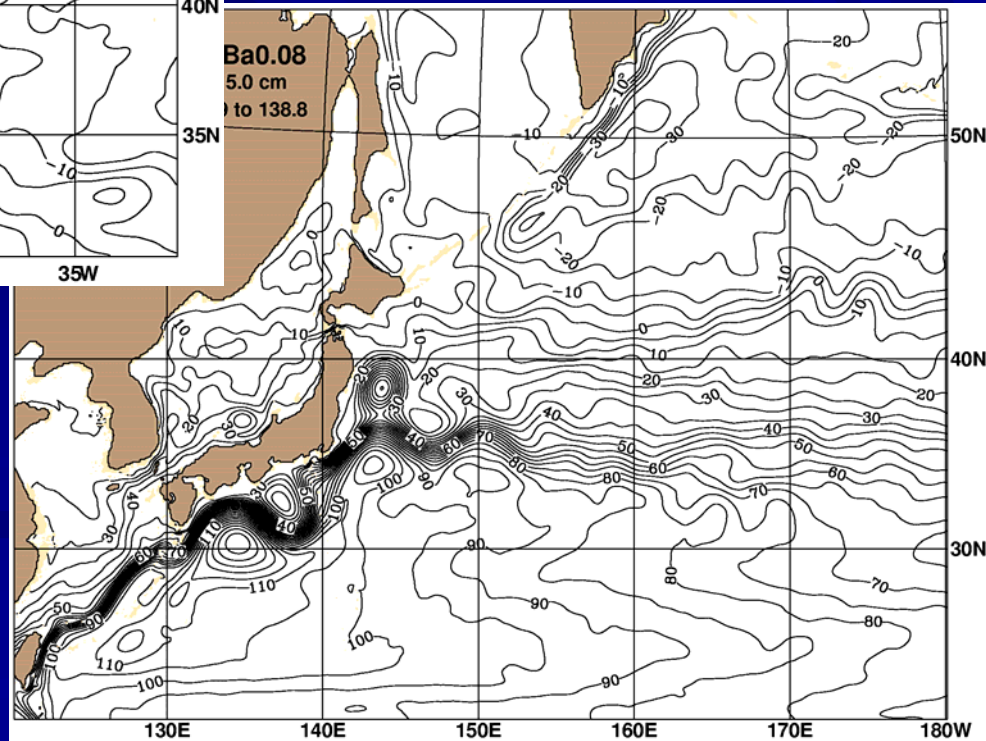
Zonal velocity at 140°W



1/12° Global HYCOM Mean Gulf Stream And Kuroshio Pathways



Latest σ_2^* simulation

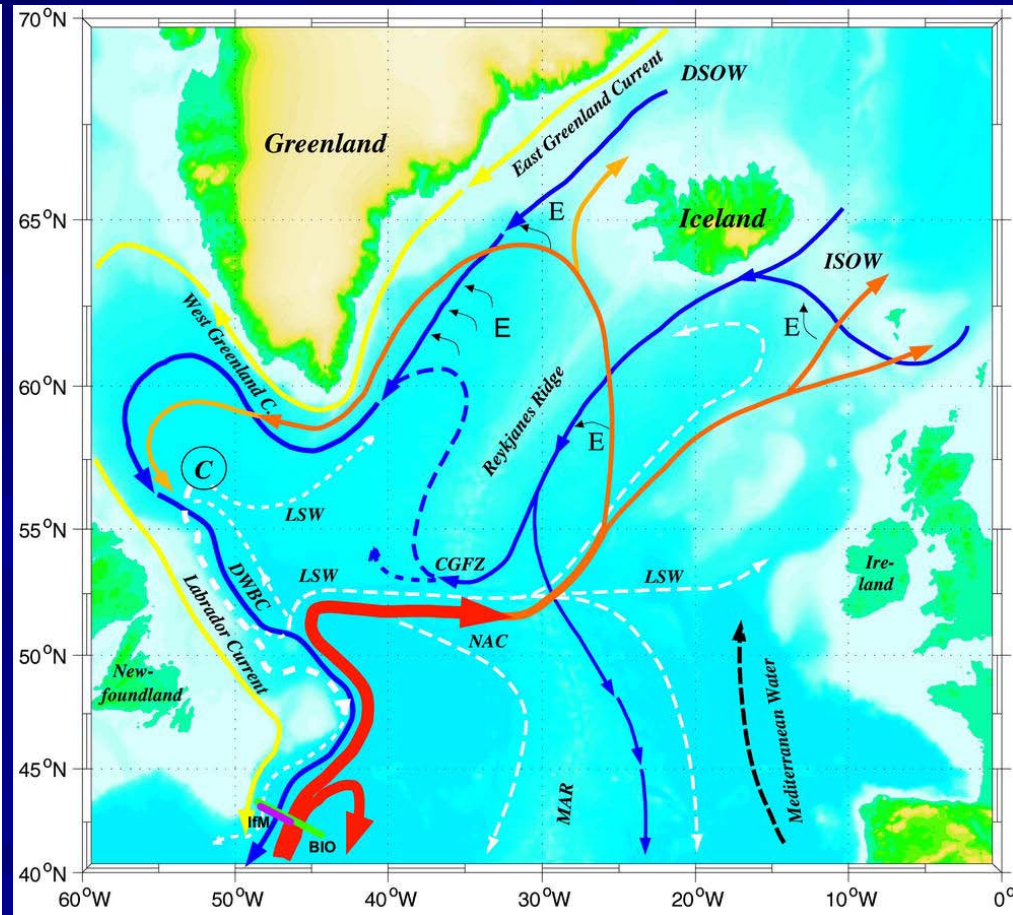
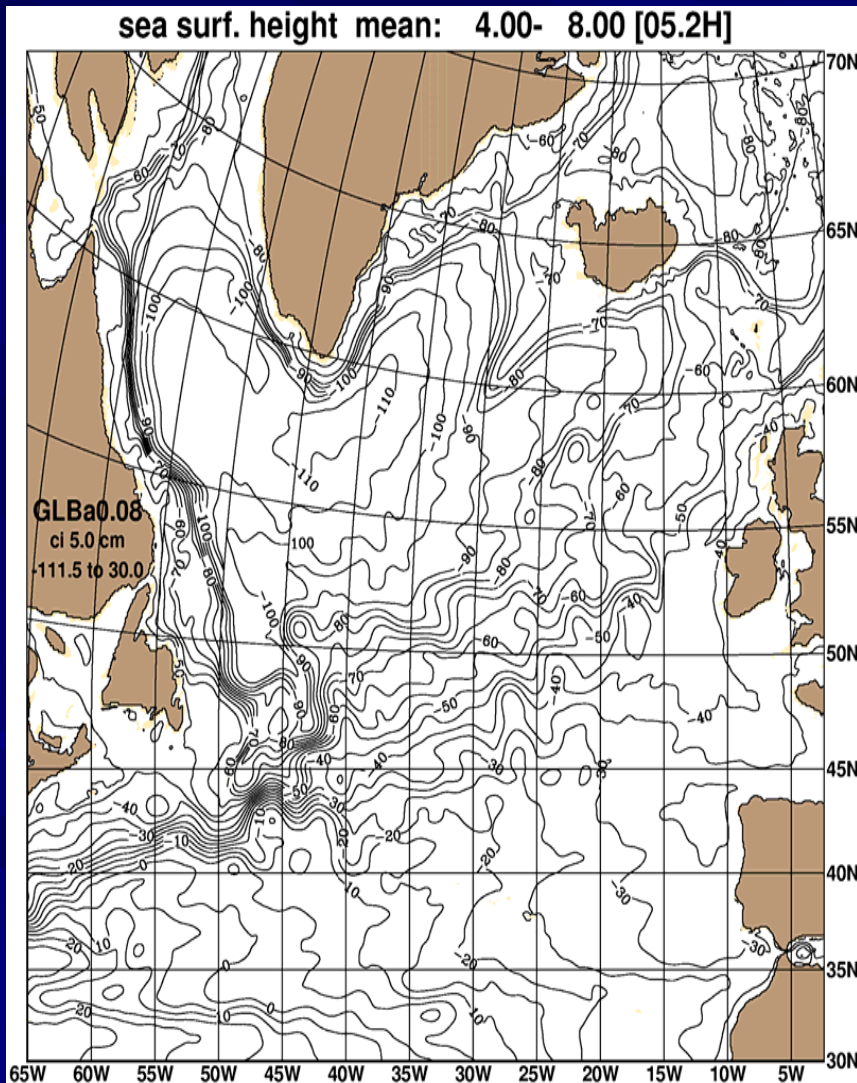


Mean over four model years

ERA15 climatological wind & thermal forcing

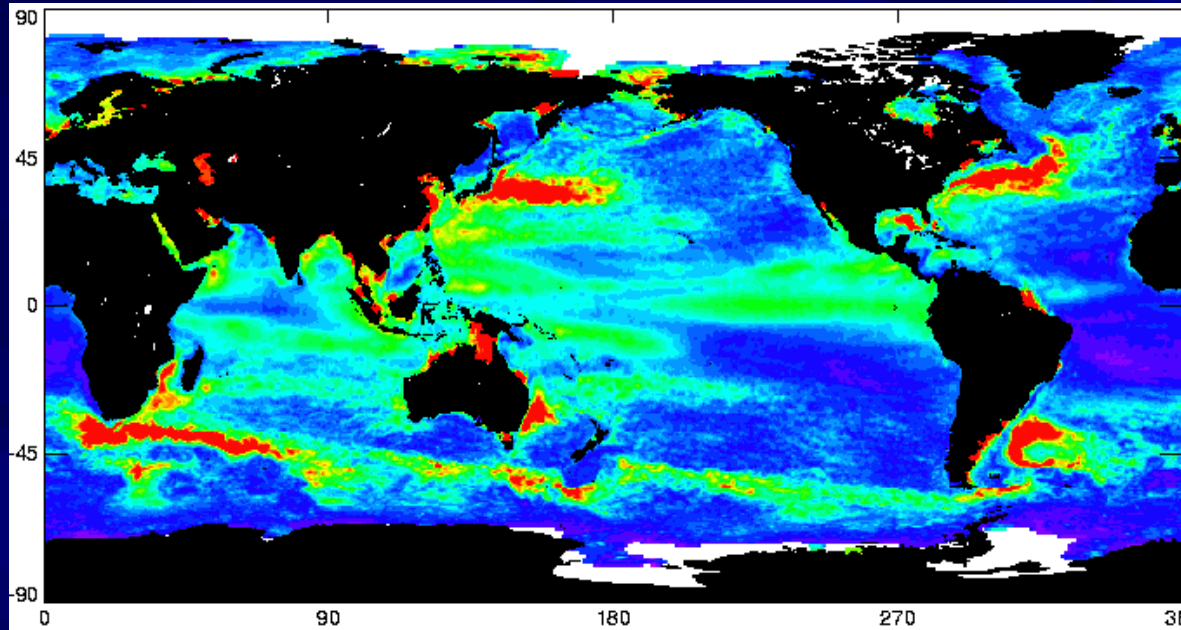
1/12° Global HYCOM σ_2^* Simulation

The Atlantic subpolar gyre generally looks good

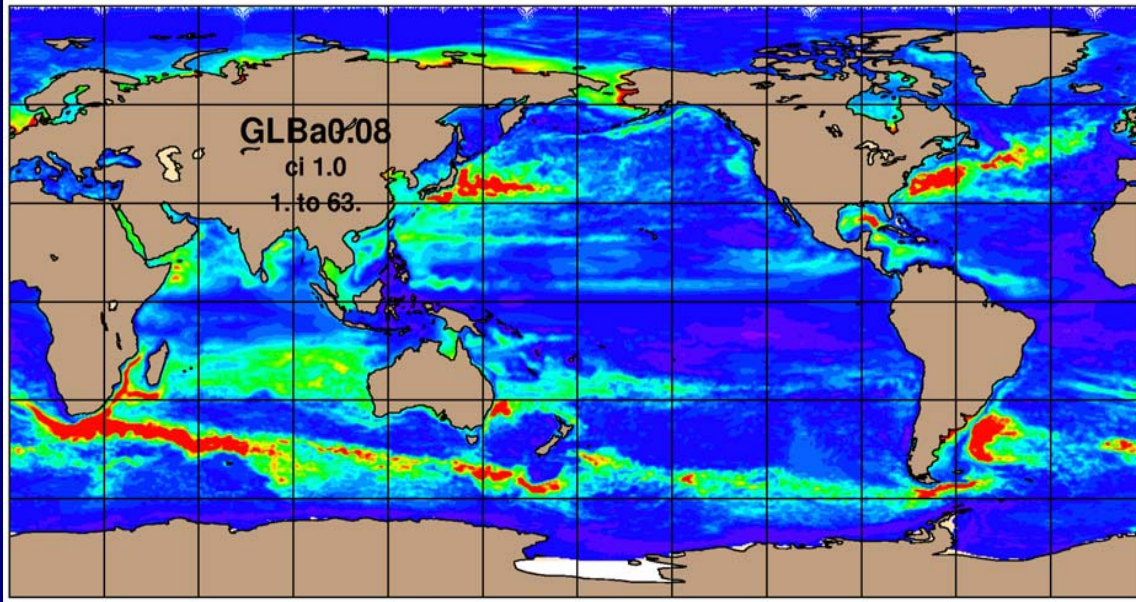


From Schott et al. (2004, JPO)

Global SSH Variability



Oct 92 – Nov 98 SSH variability based on T/P, ERS-1 and ERS-2 altimeters (from Collecte, Localisation, Satellites (CLS))

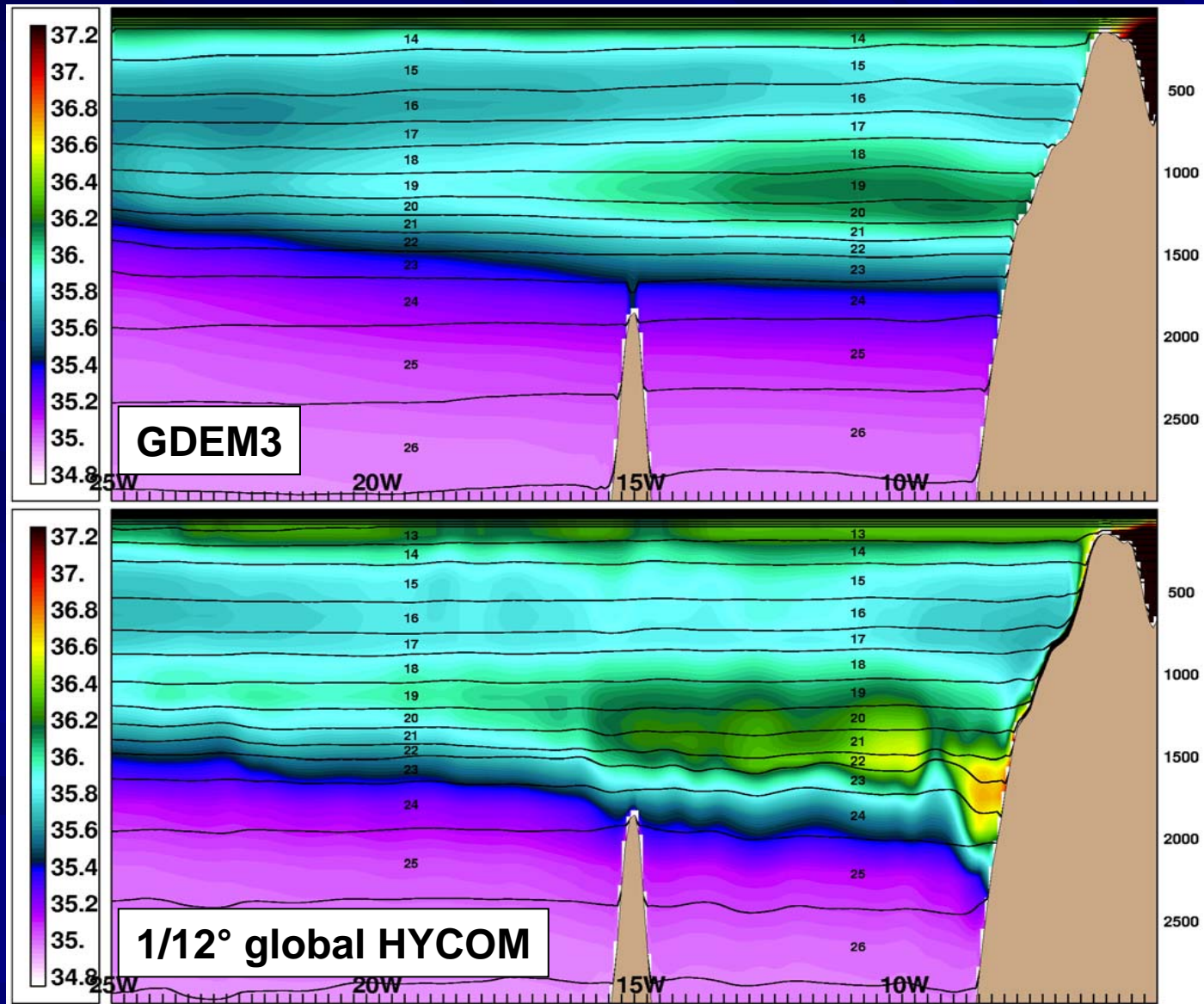


SSH variability from 1/12° global HYCOM σ_2^* with climatological wind and thermal forcing



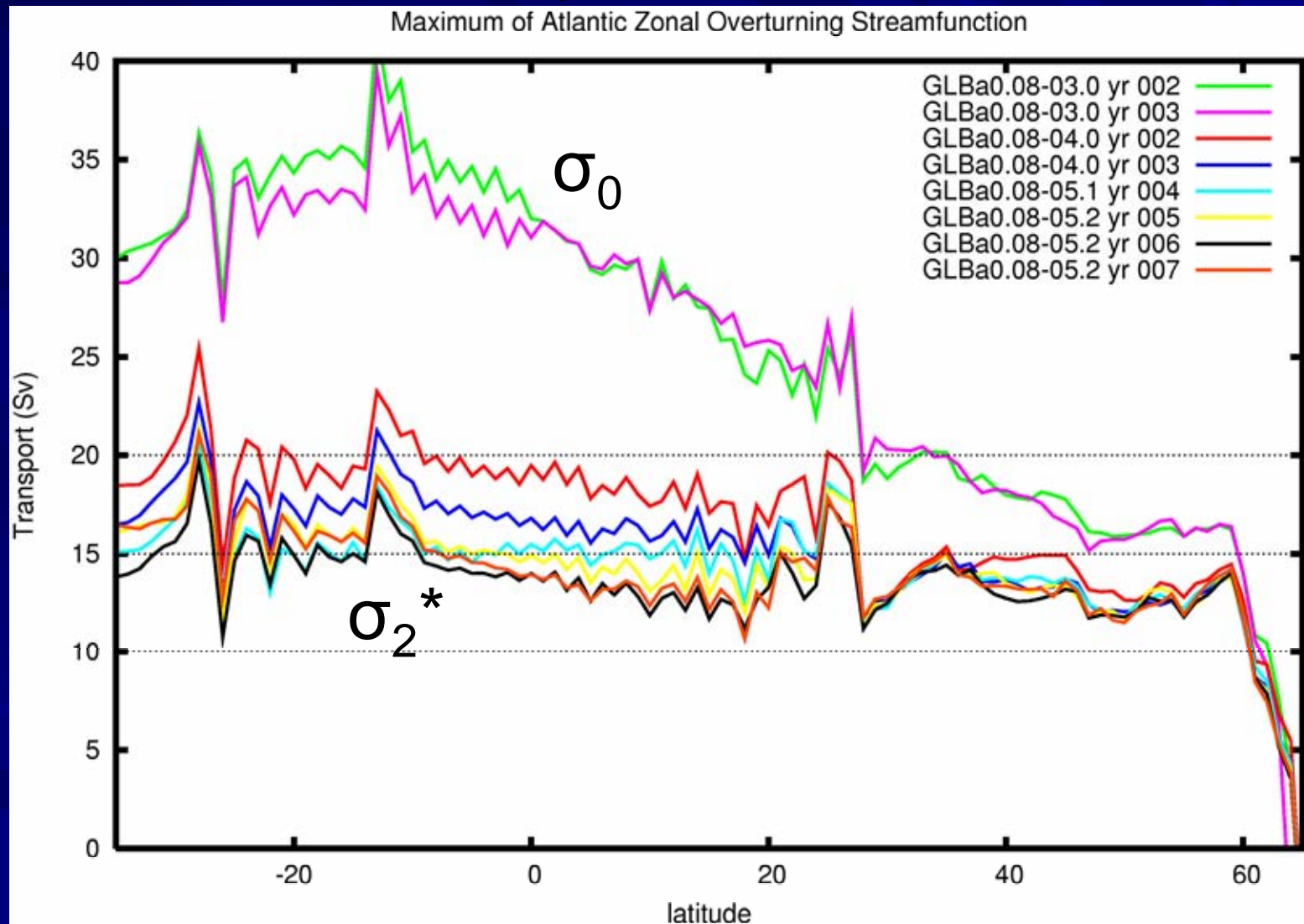
Mediterranean Sea Outflow

Salinity section at 36°N

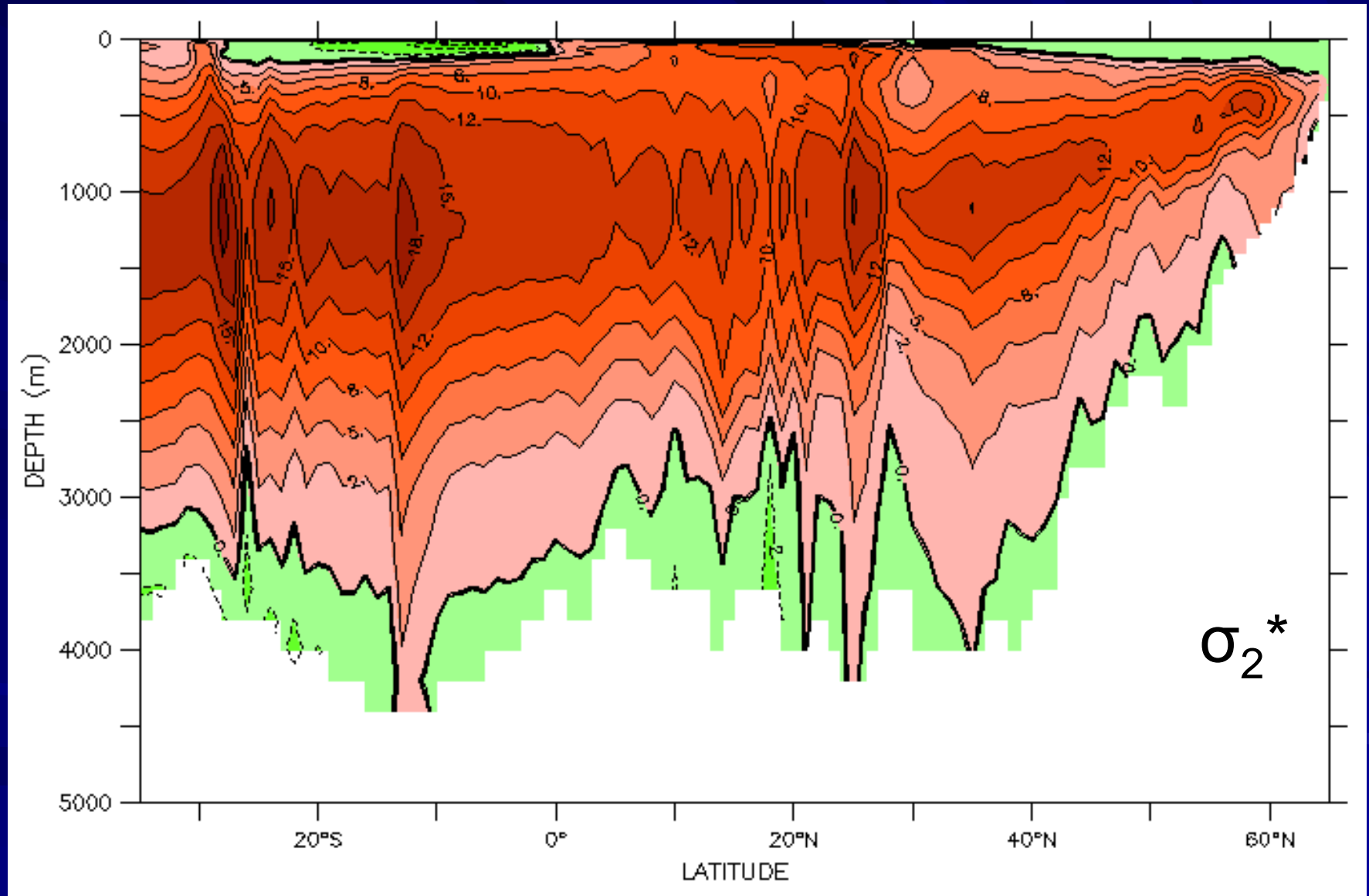


Atlantic Meridional Overturning Circulation

σ_0 vs. σ_2^*

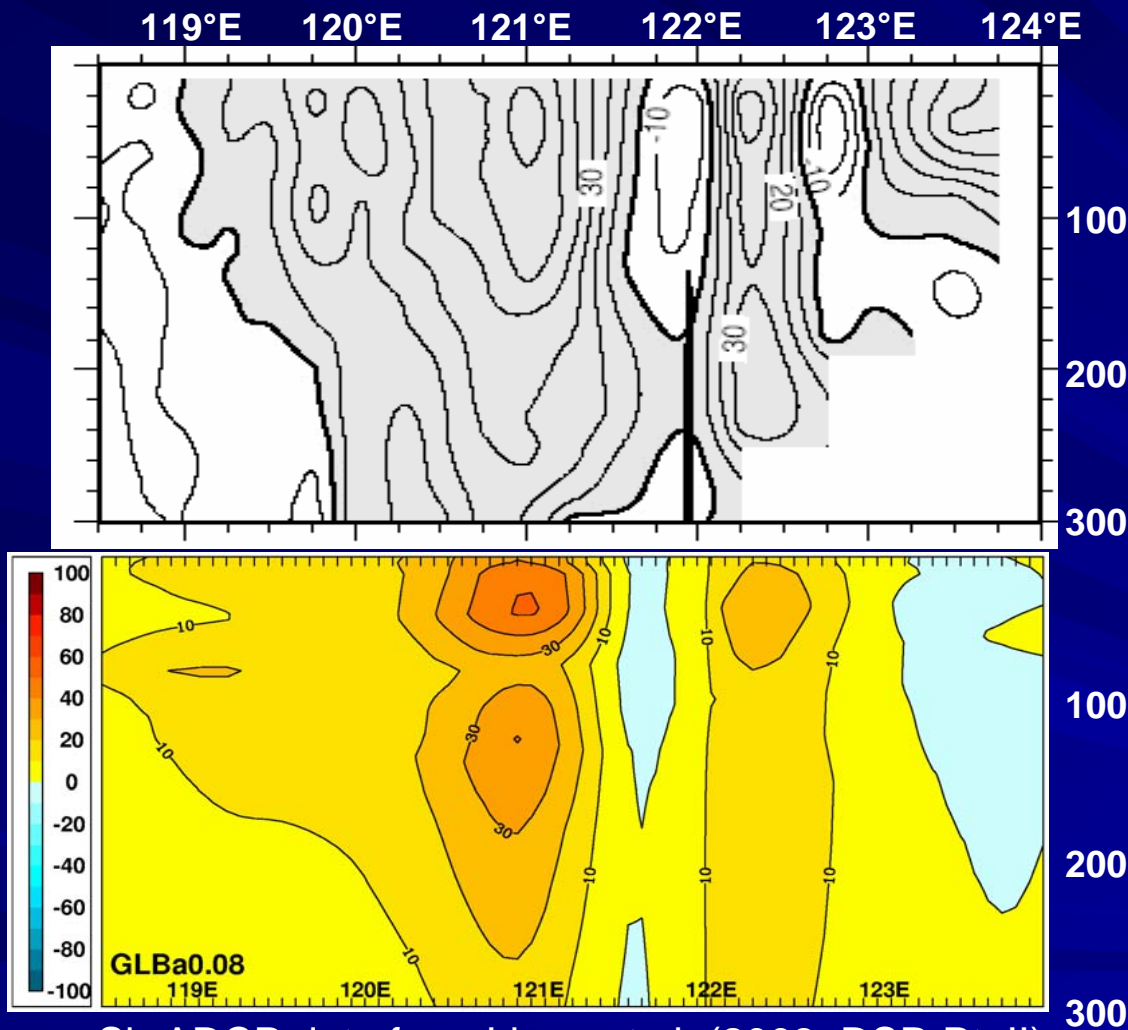


Atlantic Meridional Overturning Circulation

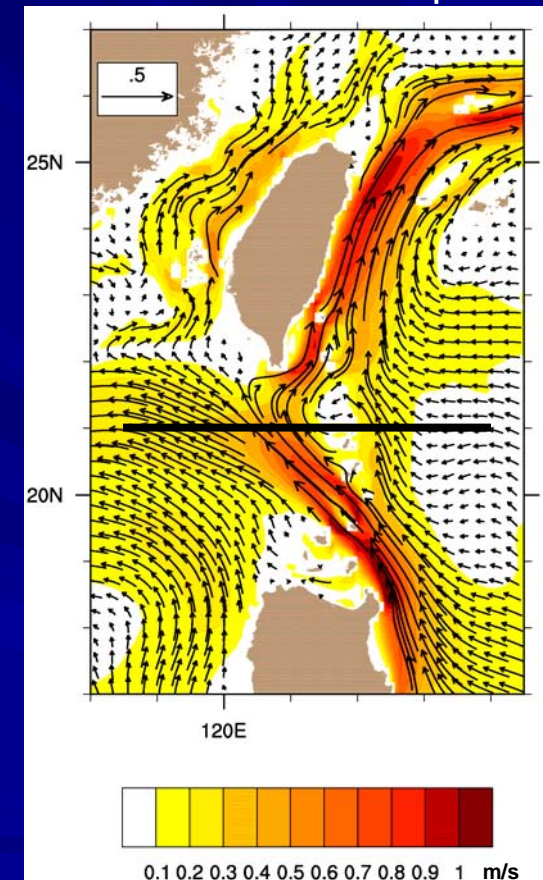


Velocity Cross-section Along Luzon Strait

Sb-ADCP data (top) vs. 1/12° global HYCOM (bottom) in the upper 300 m
Section along 21°N between 118.5°E and 124.0°E



Cross-section overlaid on mean currents and speed



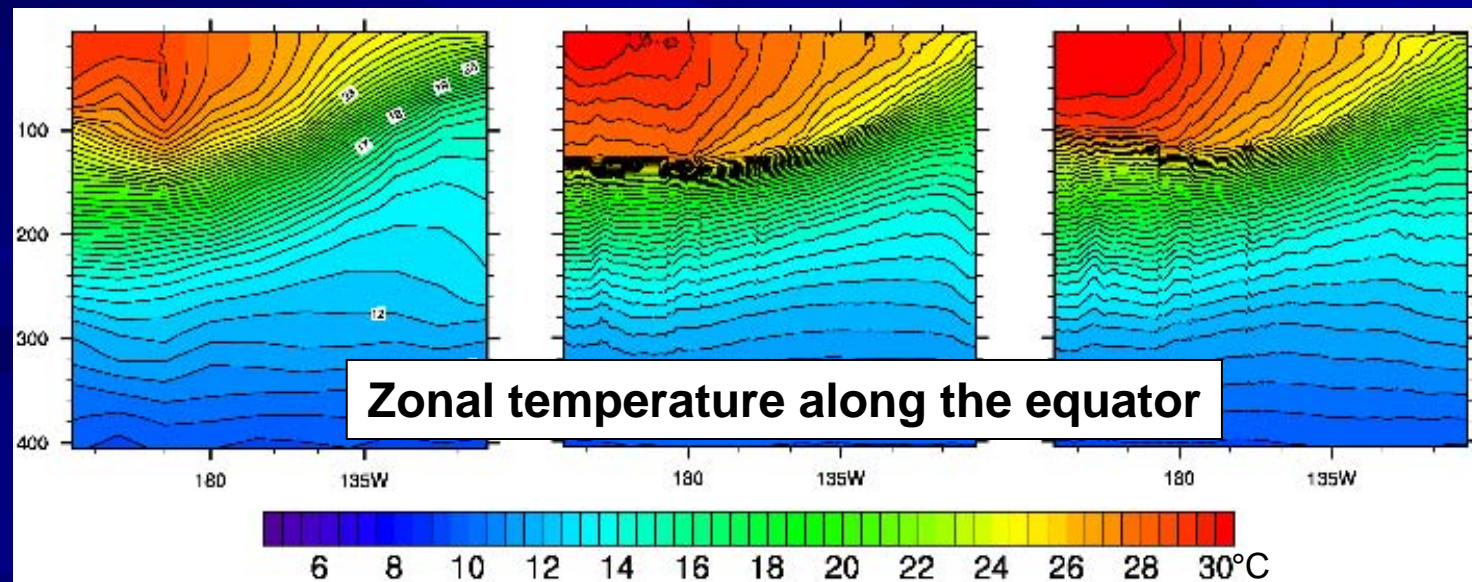
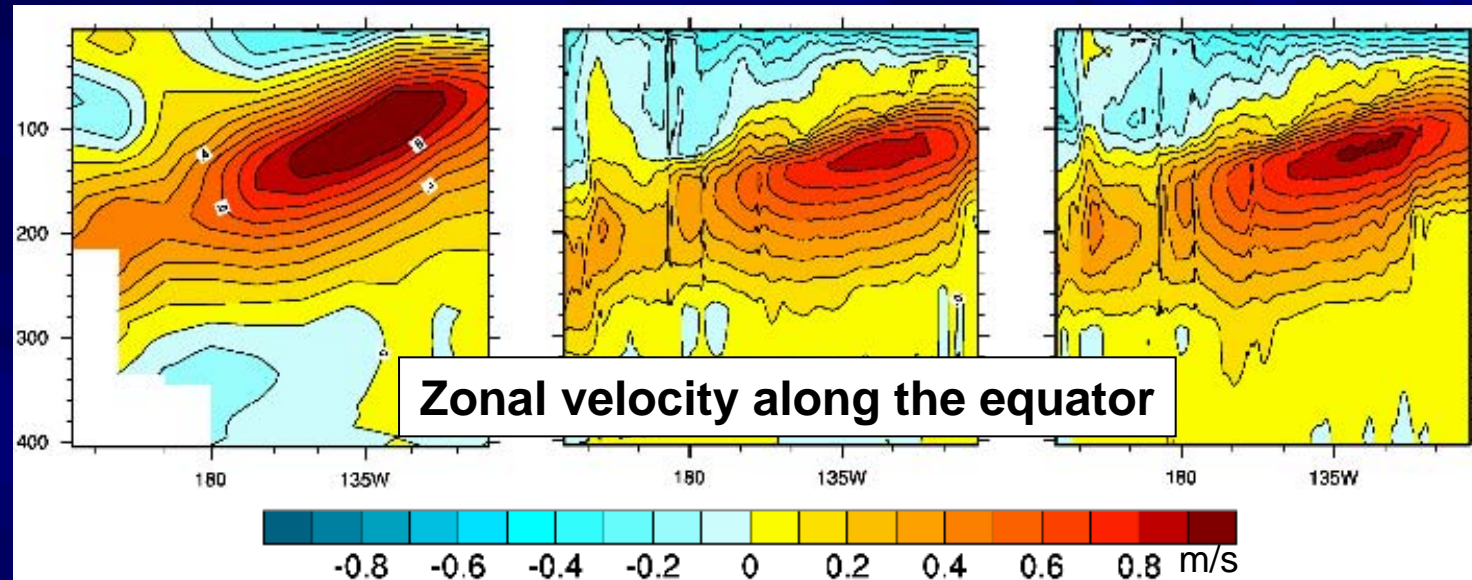
Sb-ADCP data from Liang et al. (2003, DSR Pt. II)
Mean from HYCOM with ERA15 wind and thermal forcing
No ocean data assimilation in HYCOM

Vertical Structure in the Equatorial Pacific

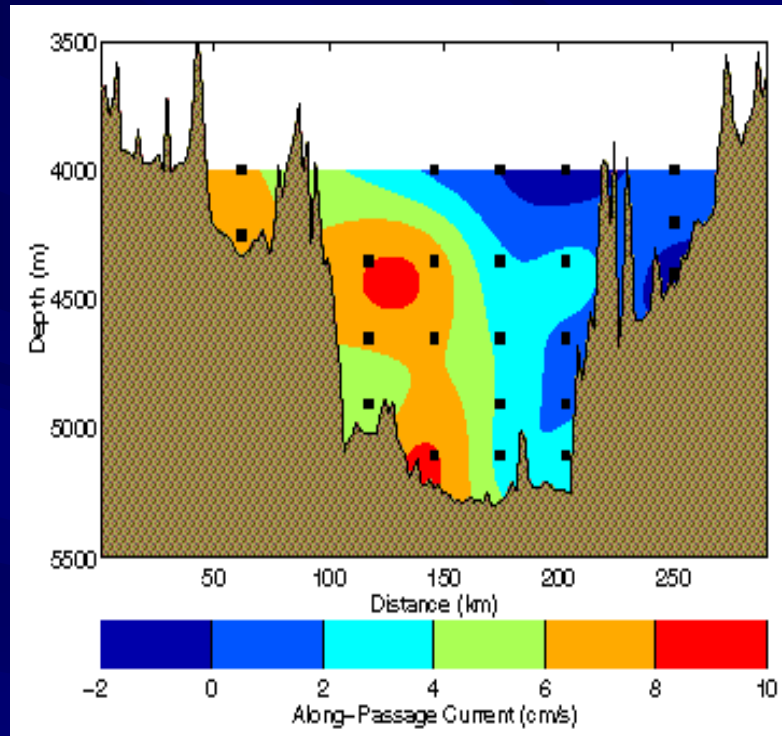
Observations

32-layer σ_2^*

Modified 28-layer σ_0

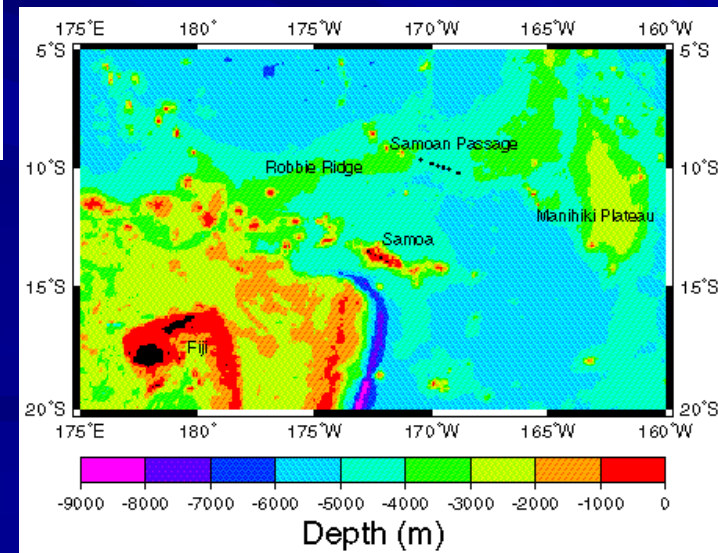
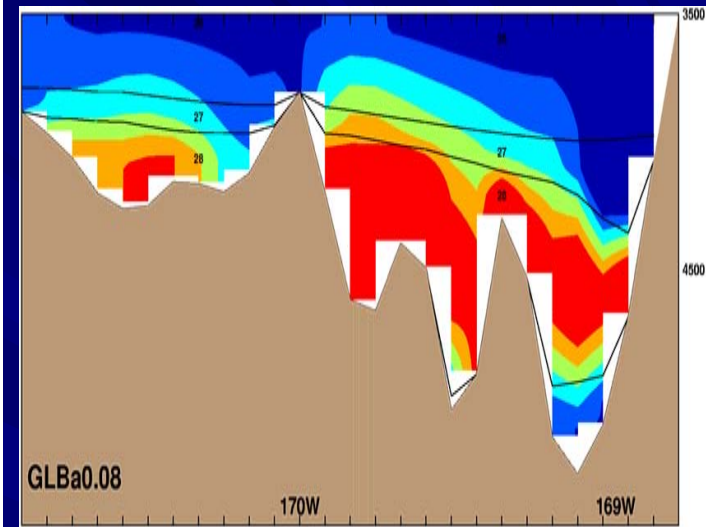


Deep Flow Through Samoan Passage



Observed mean northward
transport below 4000 m = 6.0 Sv
Rudnick (1997, JGR)

HYCOM σ_2^* in layers 27-32 = 9.3 Sv



Transport Comparisons at Key Locations

Section	Obs.	Orig. σ_0	Mod. σ_0	Orig. σ_2^*	Mod. σ_2^*
PCM-1	23	24.8	24.7	25.5	26.4
Bering Strait	1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
PACIO TF	-10	-21.8	-24.1	-18.2	-17.0
STACS	30-34	23.2	23.1	22.9	24.0
Yucatan Channel	23-27	23.3	21.6	21.8	22.0
Denmark Strait	-2.9	-2.9	-2.3	-2.3	-2.9
Drake Passage	134	91.3	96.2	152.4	146.4

Modified σ_2^* experiment uses a new topography with sill depth refinements in the IAS, Indonesian Seas, etc.

Future Work (FY06)

- Ten May 2001 – June 2002 assimilative runs in FY06
 - Time period with three satellite altimeters
 - Five with bi-weekly 30-day forecasts
- Near real-time nowcast/forecast starting in mid-FY06
- Interannual non-assimilative case:
 - 1995-present using NOGAPS
- Coupling with LANL CICE via ESMF